Homework Assignment 1
Due date: Monday Sept 8, 2008, midnight

(1) 2D plotting: Make one 2D plot for \(0 \leq x \leq 1\) containing the following 6 functions
\[ f(x) = x \]
\[ g(x) = r x (1-x) \]
for \(r=\{0.5, 1.5, 2.5, 3.5, \text{ and } 4\}\). Label the axes, choose very different line styles for each curve, and add a legend for each curve. Please insert the resulting graph here as PNG file. For what values of \(r\) do \(f(x)\) and \(g(x)\) intersect?

Now make a second plot where you show \(f(x)\) and \(g(g(x))\) for the given set of \(r\) values. Include the plot here as well. What is the highest number of points where both functions interest, \(f(x)=g(g(x))\)? For which \(r\) value does this happen?

(2) Loops and if statements: Open the Matlab Help window and read the section MATLAB → Getting started → Programming → Flow Control. Pay special attention to loops and if statements.

Write a loop that prints all odd number less than 20. Cut and paste code here:

Modify the loop that it prints all those number except 13. Cut and paste code here:

Search for the function “mod” in the Matlab help window and learn about it. Then write a loop that prints all odd numbers less than 100 that are not divisible by 7. Cut and paste code here:

(3) Things that are not perfect:
Look at the code below and try to predict what it will print
\[
\begin{align*}
a &= 1 \\
\text{for } i &= 1:64 \\
a &= 2*a \\
b &= (2*a+1) - (2*a) \\
\end{align*}
\]

Explain the different values that are printed for ”b”.

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(4) **3D plotting:** The example discussed the lab handout

```matlab
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-8:.5:8);
R = sqrt(X.^2 + Y.^2) + eps;
Z = sin(R)./R;
mesh(X,Y,Z,'EdgeColor','black')
surf(X,Y,Z)
colormap hsv
colorbar
```

shows the decay of a sound wave that is emitted from a loud speaker at \((x,y)=(0,0)\). “R” is a matrix containing all distances. Read about the operators “.^” and “./” in MATLAB→Getting started→Matrices and Arrays. Now study the case of two loudspeakers, one at \((-x_0,0)\) and one at \((+x_0,0)\) with \(x_0=2\). Add the resulting amplitudes \(Z_1\) and \(Z_2\). You should obtain an interference pattern. Adjust your grid spacing and range of plotting so that the interference effect can be easily identified. Insert your most appealing plot as PNG file here.

(5) **Optional (not included in grade):** Floating-point arithmetic is not exact, which can lead surprising results. Try

```matlab
for i=1:1/7:20
    if (exp(log(i))==i)
        fprintf('i = %f
',i);
    else
        fprintf('i = %f strange
',i);
    end
end
```

How many times should the code print the word “strange”? Should it print it at all? Why does it do that? The problem is the “==” operator. How should one write a code that performs the comparison safely? Introduce a small number \(\varepsilon\).